

Trade, Tariffs and Commodity Prices

14 November 2019

Amanda Eglinton, Associate Director +1 314 956 2686 amanda.eglinton@ihsmarkit.com

Confidential. © 2019 IHS Markit®. All rights reserved



Enabling smarter purchasing decisions and supply chain cost savings

The IHS Markit Pricing & Purchasing Service enables supply chain cost savings by providing timely, accurate cost and price analysis.

Armed with a better understanding of suppliers' cost structures and market dynamics, organizations can effectively negotiate prices, strategically time buys, and boost the bottom line.

Comprehensive Data and Analysis to Cover All Your Spend Categories

Wages and benefits	Ferrous metals		
Industrial machinery and equipment	Petroleum products		
Building materials	Paper and packaging		
Electricity and gas	Steel		
Transportation and logistics	Chemicals and plastics		
Electronic components	Services		
Nonferrous metals	Indirect Costs		

2

Clients realize savings of up to 10% of overall spend



Commodity prices have declined throughout 2019, driving down global manufacturing costs





The decline in commodity prices has been broad-based





Industrial commodities are being affected by the structural slow down in global growth

GDP (in local currency, percent change)	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
World	3.4	3.2	2.6	2.5	2.7
United States	2.4	2.9	2.3	2.0	2.0
Canada	3.0	1.9	1.4	1.3	1.6
Eurozone	2.7	1.9	1.1	0.8	1.0
United Kingdom	1.8	1.4	1.2	0.5	0.8
China	6.7	6.6	6.2	5.7	5.6
Japan	1.9	0.8	0.9	0.3	0.6
India*	7.1	6.8	5.8	6.2	6.5
Brazil	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.4	1.5
Russia	1.7	2.2	1.1	1.5	2.0

* Fiscal years starting 1 April Source: IHS Markit

© 2019 IHS Markit



Cyclical factors, such as the slowdown in manufacturing activity, will shift from a headwind to a tailwind in 2020

Industrial production (percent change)	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
World	3.4	3.1	1.1	1.9	2.3
United States	2.3	4.0	1.0	1.2	1.3
Canada	4.9	3.3	0.2	1.6	1.9
Eurozone	3.0	0.9	-0.8	0.3	1.0
United Kingdom	1.8	0.8	-0.3	0.0	1.2
China	6.5	6.3	5.7	5.1	5.0
Japan	2.9	1.0	-1.7	-0.1	0.9
India*	3.5	5.2	3.0	4.1	4.8
Brazil	2.8	0.8	-1.1	1.3	1.4
Russia	-0.4	2.8	2.4	2.0	2.1

* Fiscal years starting 1 April Source: IHS Markit

© 2019 IHS Markit

6



A strong dollar has also weighed on commodity prices and will remain a headwind over the next year





Uncertainty surrounding ongoing trade negotiations is also unlikely to go away

- Minimal change to actions already in place
 - > Expect status quo in your 2020 business planning
 - Section 232 metals
 - Section 301, list 1-4A
 - Section 301, list 4B is pending but scheduled
 - NAFTA
- Pending actions could have large consequences
 - > Section 232 motor vehicles
 - > USMCA
 - > Brexit
 - > South Korea Japan, USA Japan, USA India, Africa, TPP



The importance of US imports from China:

The US bought \$540 billion worth of products from China, in 2018, supplying 7% of demand. Year to date through July 2019 imports are down 12%.

	Billion US\$ 2018 imports	Import % of US Demand	% Import Increase July 2018 – July 2019 YTD
Computers & Electronics	186.2	32%	-20.5%
Textiles, Apparel & Products	65.1	30%	-2.0%
Electrical Equipment	50.1	26%	-9.1%
Chemicals & Plastics	41.6	3%	-11.0%
Machinery	38.8	9%	-12.6%
Fabricated Metals	26.4	6%	-6.0%
Furniture	25.8	22%	-17.4%
Transportation Equipment	22.1	2%	-11.1%
Nonmetallic Mineral Products	9.2	6%	-16.3%
Wood and Paper Products	7.8	2%	-20.4%
Food, Beverages & Tobacco	4.3	0%	-29.7%
Primary Metals	4.0	1%	-24.1%
Agricultural, Forestry & Marine			
Products	3.2	0%	-19.7%
Other	55.2	6%	4.6%
Total	539.7	6%	-12.3%

Source: US Census



Section 301: Breakdown by list and sector





How much trade diversion has occurred since the start of the trade war?





Several countries in APAC have improved their trade balance with the US





US fabricated metal imports by major country While China is declining this year other countries are easily filling in

		2018	Mkt Share	% Change
	Country	Million US\$	of Total	YTD July 2019
1	China	26,387	34%	-6%
2	Mexico	9,426	12%	7%
3	Canada	6,202	8%	2%
4	Taiwan	5,216	7%	6%
5	Germany	5,206	7%	2%
6	Japan	4,710	6%	1%
7	Italy	2,673	3%	7%
8	South Korea	2,516	3%	12%
9	India	2,057	3%	16%
10	Other	13,529	17%	8%
Source: US	Total Census	77,921	100%	2%

Top 10 US Import Originators of Fabricated Metals

Confidential. © 2019 IHS Markit[®]. All rights reserved.



US machinery imports by major country Imports up 3% in 2019 despite double digits declines from China

top to be import originatore of machinery							
	2018		% Change				
Country	Million US\$	of Total	YTD July 2019				
China	38,781	21%	-13%				
Japan	24,991	13%	14%				
Germany	22,849	12%	0%				
Mexico	20,217	11%	9%				
Canada	16,234	9%	5%				
Italy	9,075	5%	7%				
South Korea	7,252	4%	1%				
United Kingdom	6,326	3%	11%				
Taiwan	4,221	2%	11%				
Other	38,574	20%	8%				
Total	188,521	100%	3%				
	Country China Japan Germany Mexico Canada Italy South Korea United Kingdom Taiwan Other	2018 Country Million US\$ China 38,781 Japan 24,991 Germany 22,849 Mexico 20,217 Canada 16,234 Italy 9,075 South Korea 7,252 United Kingdom 6,326 Taiwan 4,221 Other 38,574	2018Mkt ShareCountryMillion US\$of TotalChina38,78121%Japan24,99113%Germany22,84912%Mexico20,21711%Canada16,2349%Italy9,0755%South Korea7,2524%United Kingdom6,3263%Taiwan4,2212%Other38,57420%				

Top 10 US Import Originators of Machinery

Source: US Census



Rising trade barriers and tariffs have weighed on demand in 2019, but markets appear to be near a turning point





Lower oil, gas and iron ore prices will continue to weigh on manufacturing costs next year



But prices for some key commodities will begin to rise as market fundamentals assert themselves



Summary and Takeaways

- Softening global demand growth is restraining commodity prices.
- Decelerations in international trade and manufacturing have led the slowdown and are amplified by an inventory correction in industrial economies.
- With core inflation calm and downside risks prevailing, near-term monetary policies will be accommodative.
- The US dollar will appreciate moderately in the near term, based on favorable rates of return and risk aversion.
- Downside risks include an escalation in the US-China war, new trade conflicts, hostilities in the Middle East, a hard Brexit, and rising debt levels.
- Vulnerability to shocks rises as economic growth diminishes.

IHS Markit Customer Care

CustomerCare@ihsmarkit.com Americas: +1 800 IHS CARE (+1 800 447 2273) Europe, Middle East, and Africa: +44 (0) 1344 328 300 Asia and the Pacific Rim: +604 291 3600

Disclaimer

The information contained in this presentation is confidential. Any unauthorized use, disclosure, reproduction, or dissemination, in full or in part, in any media or by any means, without the prior written permission of IHS Markit Ltd. or any of its affiliates ("IHS Markit") is strictly prohibited. IHS Markit owns all IHS Markit logs and trade names contained in this presentation (including other media) are solely those of the individual author(s) at the time of writing and do not necessarily reflect the opinions of IHS Markit. Neither IHS Markit nor the author(s) has any obligation to update this presentation in the event that any content, opinions, statement, estimate, or projection (collectively, "information") changes or subsequently becomes inaccurate. IHS Markit makes no warranty, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy, completeness, or timeliness of any information in this presentation, and shall not in any way be liable to any recipient for any inaccuracies or omissions. Without limiting the foregoing, IHS Markit shall have no liability whatsoever to any recipient, whether in contract, in tort (including negligence), under warranty, under statute or otherwise, in respect of any loss or dmange suffered by any recipient as a result of or in connection with any information provided, or any course of action determined, by it or any third party, whether or not based on any information provided. The inclusion of a link to an external website by IHS Markit should not be understood to be an endorsement of that website or the site's owners (or their products/services). IHS Markit is harkit is and lave to relave the sonshiel for either the content or output of external websites. Copyright © 2019, IHS Markit². All rights reserved and all intellectual property rights are relained by IHS Markit.

